

**Sura Yusuf, Verse 99-100**

فَلَمَّا دَخَلُوا عَلَى يُوسُفَ آوَىٰ إِلَيْهِ أَبَوَاهُ وَقَالَ ادْخُلُوا مِصْرَ إِن شَاءَ اللَّهُ آمَنِينَ

*Then when they came to Yusuf he held his parents close and said 'Enter safely into Egypt if Allah wishes'.*

وَرَفَعَ أَبَوَاهُ عَلَى الْعَرْشِ وَخَرُّوا لَهُ سُجَّدًا ۗ وَقَالَ يَا أَبَتِ هَذَا تَأْوِيلُ رُؤْيَايَ مِنْ قَبْلُ قَدْ جَعَلَهَا حَقًّا ۗ وَقَدْ أَحْسَنَ بِي إِذْ أَخْرَجَنِي مِنَ السِّجْنِ وَجَاءَ بِكُمْ مِنَ الْبَدْوِ مِنْ بَعْدِ أَنْ نَزَغَ الشَّيْطَانُ وَبَيْنَ إِخْوَتِي ۗ إِنَّ رَبِّي لَطِيفٌ لِمَا يَشَاءُ ۗ إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْعَلِيمُ الْحَكِيمُ

*And he raised his parents upon the throne, they fell down in prostration before him and he said: O my father! This is the fulfillment of the dream I had before. My Lord has made it come true. He was kind to me when He brought me out from the prison and brought you from the desert after the Shaytan had created conflict between me and my brothers. Surely my Lord is kind to whomever He pleases, surely He is the Knowing, the Wise.*

**Reflections**

- why do the parents fall into prostration before Nabi Yusuf?
- Nabi Yusuf has a very positive tone in this verse. He does not mention the conflict as being the brothers' fault.
- what is the most important thing that has happened that Nabi Yusuf is thankful for?

**Tafsir**

Nabi Yaqub and his family are excited to go to Egypt and they begin to prepare for the journey. The family that for years had been sorrowful and gloomy was now full of happiness. Although the journey ahead was long and difficult, the anticipation of meeting Nabi Yusuf and his brother Benyamin made everything bearable.

Nabi Yusuf waited outside the gates of Egypt for his family. As soon as they arrived he embraced his parents and held them close. It was a very emotional moment. Then he welcomes them to enter Egypt in safety, by the will of Allah. According to Tafsir Namune it is possible that a tent had been set up outside the city where Nabi Yusuf sat and waited for his parents.

Nabi Yusuf seats his parents on a throne set up for them. The moment is so overwhelming for everyone that the parents and brothers fall into sajdah before him. That is the fulfillment of the dream Nabi Yusuf had seen in his childhood.

The sajdah that was done in front of Nabi Yusuf was not a sajdah of worship. That is only allowed for God. Nabi Yaqub would not have done that, Nabi Yusuf would not have allowed that, and Allah would not mention it in the Quran without condemning it if it had been a sajdah of worship. The sajdah was a Sajdah of shukr for Allah, thanking Him for the state that Nabi Yusuf was in. So it was out of respect and awe of Nabi Yusuf that they fell into Sajdah, thanking the Almighty.

Nabi Yusuf speaks of the kindness of Allah that has made all this happen. He is always quick to mention Allah and attribute all good to Him. He talks about his release from prison and the coming of the parents. Out of respect for the brothers he makes no mention of the well, and attributes the differences they had to Shaytan who wanted to sow enmity between them. This shows his nobility and big heartedness. He does not want to remind his brothers of that they did and make them feel ashamed. Many people would take the chance to rub things in and remind others of the wrong done to him. But Nabi Yusuf makes no direct mention to it.

Attributing everything good to God is how a believer looks at things. Success and achievement of any type in this world is not from one's own smartness and abilities. It is achieved by the grace of God. This is the true meaning of 'La ilaha illallah'. When a believer has faith in One God only, he knows that it is God behind him, who helps him and gives him success. Many examples can be found in the Quran. When Nabi Sulayman sees the throne of Bilqis brought to him in an instant he says '*This is by the Grace of my Lord*' (HQ - 27:40). Compare that to Qarun (a rich man from the time of Nabi Musa) who says about the wealth he has amassed '*I have been given this on account of the knowledge that I have*' (28:78). Such is the difference in the attitude of a believer versus one who does not believe in God.

Attributing success to God is a sign of humbleness. Almighty Allah likes humbleness in his servants and disliked pride and vanity. Not putting others down but being sensitive to their feelings is also another sign of humbleness. Both of these are evident in the above verse and show the humbleness of Nabi Yusuf despite his position both as a Prophet and Prophet's son, and as a respected Minister of Egypt.

### **Hadith**

*Indeed, humility increases the dignity of one who has it. Be humble, and Allah will exalt you.*  
The Holy Prophet (s)

*Indeed, the most beloved of you to me and the nearest of you to my position on the Day of Judgement are the best of you in nature and in humility; and the furthest of you from me are the vainglorious, that is the arrogant.*

The Holy Prophet (s)

*It is of humility to be pleased with sitting in a lower place, to greet everybody you meet, to give up arguing even when you are right, and to be unhappy with people's praise for your piety*

Imam as-Sadiq (a)

(Discuss this hadith as signs of humility in a believer)

### **Important Lessons**

- 1) Whatever your position, respect to parents comes first. Nabi Yusuf waited outside the city, setting up a tent to welcome his parents. It shows the care and consideration owed to parents.
- 2) Overlook wrong done to you and do not even mention it.
- 3) Be grateful to God who guides you all through life and is behind all success and achievements in life. Acknowledge that and mention it to others.
- 4) Be humble. That is a strong sign of true faith in God.

### **Possible Ideas for activities**

- let the students act out the first meeting of Nabi Yusuf with his parents. Students can take turns to role play and say what may have been the words spoken at that time. Discuss the feelings of both sides.

- draw the tent with the scene of the parents and brothers in sajdah. On the other side draw Nabi Yusuf's dream. Make a link – the plan of Allah.

- make a story map to show the different stages of Nabi Yusuf's life, ending with the scene in the tent. Or make a Plot diagram.

See:

[http://www.readingrockets.org/strategies/story\\_maps](http://www.readingrockets.org/strategies/story_maps)

<http://www.readwritethink.org/classroom-resources/student-interactives/plot-diagram-30040.html>

### **Story**

#### **Humbleness of the Holy Prophet**

The Holy Prophet Muhammad (s) and his companions were on a journey. They had traveled for many hours through the desert with the sun and wind blowing in their faces. It had been bright and sunny when they left Madina, but now the sun was making its way down. A reddish glow filled the sky and the sound of birds could be heard in the distance. Everybody was tired and hungry. The rumbling noises in their stomachs seemed to announce that it was time for a meal.

They decided to take a break to rest and have dinner. The men came down from their camels stretching their tired legs. The Prophet and his companions knew that the camels were tired too. They had been carrying their heavy burden for a long time, slowly making their way through the desert. Now they could relax. The men brought them water and the sounds of the happy camels filled the air.

The group started to plan preparations for dinner. They had brought a lamb which they would cook for dinner. There were many things that needed to be done before the lamb was ready to eat. The companions began dividing the tasks between themselves.

One of the companions volunteered, 'I will skin the lamb.'

Another companion said, 'I will cut the meat.'

A third companion offered, 'I will cook it with the spices we have brought'.

Other people offered to clear the area for dinner, get things together, and so on. Each person had a job to do.

The Prophet volunteered too.

'I will gather wood from the desert for the fire,' he said.

The companions looked at him in surprise. 'No, O Prophet of God. You don't need to do anything. We will be happy to do it for you.' They said,

The Prophet looked at them kindly. 'I know you will be pleased to do all the work' he said, 'but Allah is not pleased with a person who lets others work for him and does not do anything himself. It is not right for someone to feel that he is better than others.'

So the Prophet set off to search for logs. He carried them to where his companions were and together they lit a fire and cooked a lamb on it for their dinner. It was teamwork and the Prophet was as much a part of it as anyone else. He did not like to be treated differently from the others. Such was his humbleness despite being the greatest Messenger sent by God.

**Sources:**

Āytaullāh Nāsir Makārim Shirāzī (ed), *Tafsīr-e Namūneh*;

<http://www.al-islam.org/living-right-way-ayatullah-jawad-tehraani/humility>